

# SCHOOL DISTRICT OF OKALOOSA COUNTY LOTTERY - SCHOOL ADVISORY COUNCIL

# FISCAL YEAR 2017-2018 AS OF JUNE 2017

The State makes an initial Discretionary Lottery allocation to each District; however, this allocation is subject to change based on the School Recognition Program funds remaining at the State level after funding the Florida School Recognition Program. Once the final Discretionary Lottery allocation is made for the fiscal year, School Boards must allocate up to \$5 per unweighted FTE to be used at the discretion of the School Advisory Council (SAC). These moneys may not be used for capital improvements or for any project or program that has a duration of more than one year; however, a school advisory council may independently determine that a program or project funded in a prior year should receive funds in a subsequent year. If there are insufficient funds remaining to fully fund the SACs, then the funds are prorated to the SACs. Also see sections 24.121(5)(c) and 1001.452, F.S., relative to school advisory councils and expenditure of these funds.

School Advisory Council funds must be accounted for and are subject to audit on a yearly basis. Each year's allocation will be accounted for in a separate project. For example, fiscal year 2016-2017 would have been Project 7002, and fiscal year 2017-2018 would be Project 8002.

**Project Number: 8002** 

Allocation Method: 100% X \$0 X School Original Projected UFTE

Allocation Amount: \$0.00 Per UFTE (See above)

Example: Edwins Elementary Lottery - School Advisory Council

Per UFTE UFTE Allocation
100% x \$0.00 x 445.00 = \$0.00

For the initial budget process, the allocation for your school will be placed in the following:

Project Name	Fund	Function	Object Code	Cost Center	Project Number
				Your Cost	
School Advisory Council	1010	5100	0510	Center	8002

Beginning August 1, 2017, after the adoption of the preliminary and tentative budget, you may enter budget amendments to better utilize the funds.

The intent of School Advisory funds is for the funds to be spent in the year they are earned. Therefore, each school is strongly encouraged to expend each year's allocation in the year it is received and in compliance with the School Advisory Council Plan.

Any available funds in the project for your school at the end of the fiscal year will carry over to the next fiscal year.

# SCHOOL DISTRICT OF OKALOOSA COUNTY LOTTERY - SCHOOL ADVISORY COUNCIL ALLOCATION - PROJECT 8002 FISCAL YEAR 2017-2018 AS OF JUNE 2017

COST CENTER NUMBER	SCHOOL/CENTER NAME	ADJUSTED PROJECTED UFTE	ALLOCATION PER UFTE
ISTRICT SCH	oors		3
0031	EDWINS ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	445.00	\$
0041	BAKER SCHOOL	1,520.00	<del>,</del>
0051	BOB SIKES ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	840.00	
0082	MEIGS MIDDLE SCHOOL	535.00	
0092	SHOAL RIVER MIDDLE SCHOOL	821.00	
0121	RUCKEL MIDDLE SCHOOL	1,145.00	
0131	DESTIN ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	954.00	
0151	EDGE ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	640.00	
0161	EGLIN ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	485.00	
0201	LAUREL HILL SCHOOL	373.00	
0211	NICEVILLE HIGH SCHOOL	1,978.00	
0222	NORTHWOOD ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	770.00	
0241	SILVER SANDS SCHOOL	135.00	
0251	RIVERSIDE ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	862.00	
0271	PRYOR MIDDLE SCHOOL	701.00	
0281	WRIGHT ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	623.00	
0431	SHALIMAR ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	673.00	
0541	ELLIOTT PT. ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	612.00	
0561	MARY ESTHER ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	618.00	
0571	PLEW ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	835.00	
0581	CHOCTAW HIGH SCHOOL	1,553.00	
0601	CRESTVIEW HIGH SCHOOL/CRESTVIEW VO TECH	1,866.00	
0621	KENWOOD ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	618.00	
0631	FLOROSA ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	539.00	
0641	FT. WALTON BEACH HIGH SCHOOL	1,558.00	
0651	BRUNER MIDDLE SCHOOL	758.00	
0671	LEWIS SCHOOL	620.00	
0681	LONGWOOD ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	596.00	
0701	OK. TECH. COLLEGE & CHOICE HIGH SCHOOL	162.45	
0721	OKALOOSA STEMM ACADEMY	213.00	
0731	WALKER ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	863.00	
0741	BLUEWATER ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	909.00	
0751	ANTIOCH ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	939.00	
0761	DAVIDSON MIDDLE SCHOOL	1,031.00	
0771	DESTIN MIDDLE SCHOOL	753.00	
0801	RICHBOURG SCHOOL	79.00	
			i

SOUTHSIDE PRIMARY SCHOOL

0811

TOTAL - DISTRICT SCHOOLS

194.00

28,816.45 \$

# 24.121 Allocation of revenues and expenditure of funds for public education (State Lotteries).

(5)

(c) A portion of such net revenues, as determined annually by the Legislature, shall be distributed to each school district and shall be made available to each public school in the district for enhancing school performance through development and implementation of a school improvement plan pursuant to s. 1001.42(18). A portion of these moneys, as determined annually in the General Appropriations Act, must be allocated to each school in an equal amount for each student enrolled. These moneys may be expended only on programs or projects selected by the school advisory council or by a parent advisory committee created pursuant to this paragraph. If a school does not have a school advisory council, the district advisory council must appoint a parent advisory committee composed of parents of students enrolled in that school, which is representative of the ethnic, racial, and economic community served by the school, to advise the school's principal on the programs or projects to be funded. Neither school district staff nor principals may override the recommendations of the school advisory council or the parent advisory committee. These moneys may not be used for capital improvements or for any project or program that has a duration of more than 1 year; however, a school advisory council or parent advisory committee may independently determine that a program or project formerly funded under this paragraph should receive funds in a subsequent year.

### 1001.452 District and school advisory councils.

#### (1) ESTABLISHMENT.—

- (a) The district school board shall establish an advisory council for each school in the district and shall develop procedures for the election and appointment of advisory council members. Each school advisory council shall include in its name the words "school advisory council." The school advisory council shall be the sole body responsible for final decisionmaking at the school relating to implementation of ss. 1001.42(18) and 1008.345. A majority of the members of each school advisory council must be persons who are not employed by the school district. Each advisory council shall be composed of the principal and an appropriately balanced number of teachers, education support employees, students, parents, and other business and community citizens who are representative of the ethnic, racial, and economic community served by the school. Career center and high school advisory councils shall include students, and middle and junior high school advisory councils may include students. School advisory councils of career centers and adult education centers are not required to include parents as members. Council members representing teachers, education support employees, students, and parents shall be elected by their respective peer groups at the school in a fair and equitable manner as follows:
  - 1. Teachers shall be elected by teachers.
  - 2. Education support employees shall be elected by education support employees.
  - 3. Students shall be elected by students.
  - 4. Parents shall be elected by parents.

The district school board shall establish procedures to be used by schools in selecting business and community members that include means of ensuring wide notice of vacancies and of taking input on possible members from local business, chambers of commerce, community and civic organizations and groups, and the public at large. The district school board shall review the membership composition of each advisory council. If the district school board determines that the membership elected by the school is not representative of the ethnic, racial, and economic community served by the school, the district school board shall appoint additional members to achieve proper representation. The commissioner shall determine if schools have maximized their efforts to include on their advisory councils minority persons and persons of lower socioeconomic status. Although schools are strongly encouraged to establish school advisory councils, the district school board of any school district that has a student population of 10,000 or fewer may establish a district advisory council which includes at least one duly elected teacher from each school in the district. For the purposes of school advisory councils and district advisory councils, the term "teacher" includes classroom teachers, certified student services personnel, and media specialists. For purposes of this paragraph, "education support employee" means any person employed by a school who is not defined as instructional or administrative personnel pursuant to s. 1012.01 and whose duties require 20 or more hours in each normal working week.

(b) The district school board may establish a district advisory council representative of the district and composed of teachers, students, parents, and other citizens or a district advisory council that may be comprised of representatives of each school advisory council. Recognized schoolwide support groups that meet all criteria established by law or rule may function as school advisory councils.

## 1001.452 District and school advisory councils. (Continued)

- (c) For those schools operating for the purpose of providing educational services to youth in Department of Juvenile Justice programs, district school boards may establish a district advisory council with appropriate representatives for the purpose of developing and monitoring a district school improvement plan that encompasses all such schools in the district, pursuant to s. 1001.42(18)(a).
- (d) Each school advisory council shall adopt bylaws establishing procedures for:
  - 1. Requiring a quorum to be present before a vote may be taken by the school advisory council. A majority of the membership of the council constitutes a quorum.
  - 2. Requiring at least 3 days' advance notice in writing to all members of the advisory council of any matter that is scheduled to come before the council for a vote.
  - 3. Scheduling meetings when parents, students, teachers, businesspersons, and members of the community can attend.
  - 4. Replacing any member who has two unexcused consecutive absences from a school advisory council meeting that is noticed according to the procedures in the bylaws.
  - 5. Recording minutes of meetings.

The district school board may review all proposed bylaws of a school advisory council and shall maintain a record of minutes of council meetings.

(2) DUTIES.—Each advisory council shall perform functions prescribed by regulations of the district school board; however, no advisory council shall have any of the powers and duties now reserved by law to the district school board. Each school advisory council shall assist in the preparation and evaluation of the school improvement plan required pursuant to s. <a href="mailto:1001.42">1001.42</a>(18). With technical assistance from the Department of Education, each school advisory council shall assist in the preparation of the school's annual budget and plan as required by s. <a href="mailto:1008.385">1008.385</a>(1). A portion of funds provided in the annual General Appropriations Act for use by school advisory councils must be used for implementing the school improvement plan.

#### 1001.42 Powers and duties of district school board.

(18) IMPLEMENT SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT AND ACCOUNTABILITY.—Maintain a system of school improvement and education accountability as provided by statute and State Board of Education rule. This system of school improvement and education accountability shall be consistent with, and implemented through, the district's continuing system of planning and budgeting required by this section and ss. 1008.385, 1010.01, and 1011.01. This system of school improvement and education accountability shall comply with the provisions of ss. 1008.33, 1008.34, 1008.345, and 1008.385 and include the following:

#### (a) School improvement plans.—

- 1. The district school board shall annually approve and require implementation of a new, amended, or continuation school improvement plan for each school in the district. If a school has a significant gap in achievement on statewide, standardized assessments administered pursuant to s. 1008.22 by one or more student subgroups, as defined in the federal Elementary and Secondary Education Act (ESEA), 20 U.S.C. s. 6311(b)(2)(C)(v)(II); has not significantly increased the percentage of students passing statewide, standardized assessments; has not significantly increased the percentage of students demonstrating Learning Gains, as defined in s. 1008.34 and as calculated under s. 1008.34(3)(b), who passed statewide, standardized assessments; or has significantly lower graduation rates for a subgroup when compared to the state's graduation rate, that school's improvement plan shall include strategies for improving these results. The state board shall adopt rules establishing thresholds and for determining compliance with this subparagraph.
- 2. A school that includes any of grades 6, 7, or 8 shall include annually in its school improvement plan information and data on the school's early warning system required under paragraph (b), including a list of the early warning indicators used in the system, the number of students identified by the system as exhibiting two or more early warning indicators, the number of students by grade level that exhibit each early warning indicator, and a description of all intervention strategies employed by the school to improve the academic performance of students identified by the early warning system. In addition, a school that includes any of grades 6, 7, or 8 shall describe in its school improvement plan the strategies used by the school to implement the instructional practices for middle grades emphasized by the district's professional development system pursuant to s. 1012.98(4)(b)9.

#### (b) Early warning system.—

- 1. A school that includes any of grades 6, 7, or 8 shall implement an early warning system to identify students in grades 6, 7, and 8 who need additional support to improve academic performance and stay engaged in school. The early warning system must include the following early warning indicators:
  - a. Attendance below 90 percent, regardless of whether absence is excused or a result of out-of-school suspension.
  - b. One or more suspensions, whether in school or out of school.
  - c. Course failure in English Language Arts or mathematics.
  - d. A Level 1 score on the statewide, standardized assessments in English Language Arts or mathematics.

# 1001.42 Powers and duties of district school board. (Continued)

A school district may identify additional early warning indicators for use in a school's early warning system.

- 2. When a student exhibits two or more early warning indicators, the school's child study team under s. 1003.02 or a school-based team formed for the purpose of implementing the requirements of this paragraph shall convene to determine appropriate intervention strategies for the student. The school shall provide at least 10 days' written notice of the meeting to the student's parent, indicating the meeting's purpose, time, and location, and provide the parent the opportunity to participate.
- (c) Public disclosure.—The district school board shall provide information regarding the performance of students and educational programs as required pursuant to ss. 1008.22 and 1008.385 and implement a system of school reports as required by statute and State Board of Education rule which shall include schools operating for the purpose of providing educational services to students in Department of Juvenile Justice programs, and for those schools, report on the elements specified in s. 1003.52(17). Annual public disclosure reports shall be in an easy-to-read report card format and shall include the school's grade, high school graduation rate calculated without high school equivalency examinations, disaggregated by student ethnicity, and performance data as specified in state board rule.
- (d) School improvement funds.— The district school board shall provide funds to schools for developing and implementing school improvement plans. Such funds shall include those funds appropriated for the purpose of school improvement pursuant to s. 24.121(5)(c).